

# SCE's Field Area Network

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**WECC – TCOMS**

**03/13/2025**



# Agenda



Introductions



FAN Project Overview



RAN Sites



Coverage Objective



Summary



Questions



# Field Area Network Project

A Field Area Network (FAN) is a wireless network designed to connect various devices within an electric utility's operational field. This includes smart meters, distribution assets, control and protection equipment, and remote substation equipment.

## Background

- The current SCE Field Area Network (NetComm Network) is nearing the end of its lifecycle and fails to meet the requirements for Grid Modernization and Grid Resiliency
- The CPUC approved funding for a modern, secure, wireless communications solution in the 2018 GRC decision to address these emerging business needs

# Overview – FAN Objective & Scope

## Project Mission Statement:

Replace NetComm with a secure, high-capability, private wireless Field Area Network solution

## Project Scope:

### Replace NetComm

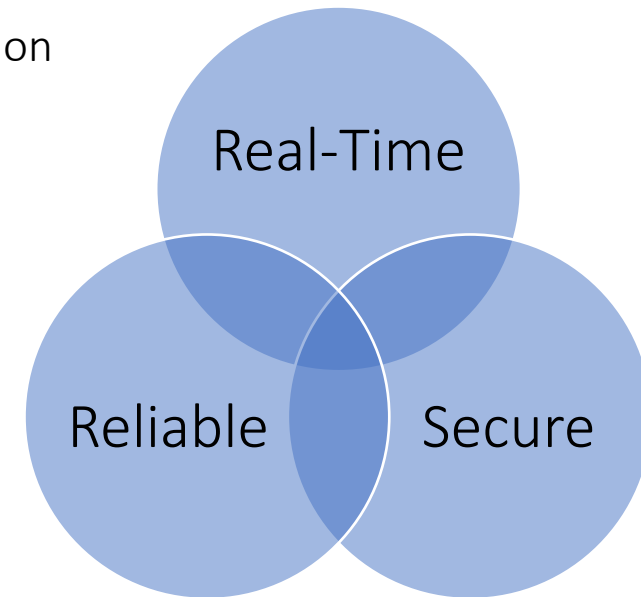
- Network coverage based on Distribution & Sub-Transmission footprint
- 31K+ NetComm Distribution Automation Devices

### High-Capability

- Network designed for sub-second round trip latency
- High-Bandwidth to support Grid IT/OT data intensive use-cases
- Peer-to-Peer communication and edge intelligence to support decentralized controls
- Scalability within coverage areas to support Grid management roadmap use-cases

### Secure

- Meet the Cybersecurity requirements for current and roadmap use-cases



# Mapping SCE's Field Area Network

## Purpose

*Replace legacy wireless field network (NetComm) with solution that*

- Satisfies **grid modernization** requirements
- Improves field communication **security**
- Scales to meet **future** utility use-cases



Distribution Automation

DERs  
<10MW

## Scope

Fault Location, Isolation, and Service Restoration (FLISR)

Device Management



## Performance

### NetComm

Latency

20 –120 seconds

Throughput

19kbps - 115kbps

Availability

95%

Message Priority

Limited

Peer-to-Peer

Limited

Mobility

Not Available

Failover

Mesh Network

### FAN

< 1 second

144kbps – 1Mbps

99.5%

QoS

100ms - 1 sec

Limited

Public Carrier

## Timeline



Cores



RAN Sites



Edge Devices



NetComm

2023

2

~1

2024

~76

~500

2025

1

~201

2026

~401

~10.5k

2027

~601

NetComm  
DA Freeze

2028

~801

2029

~870+

2030

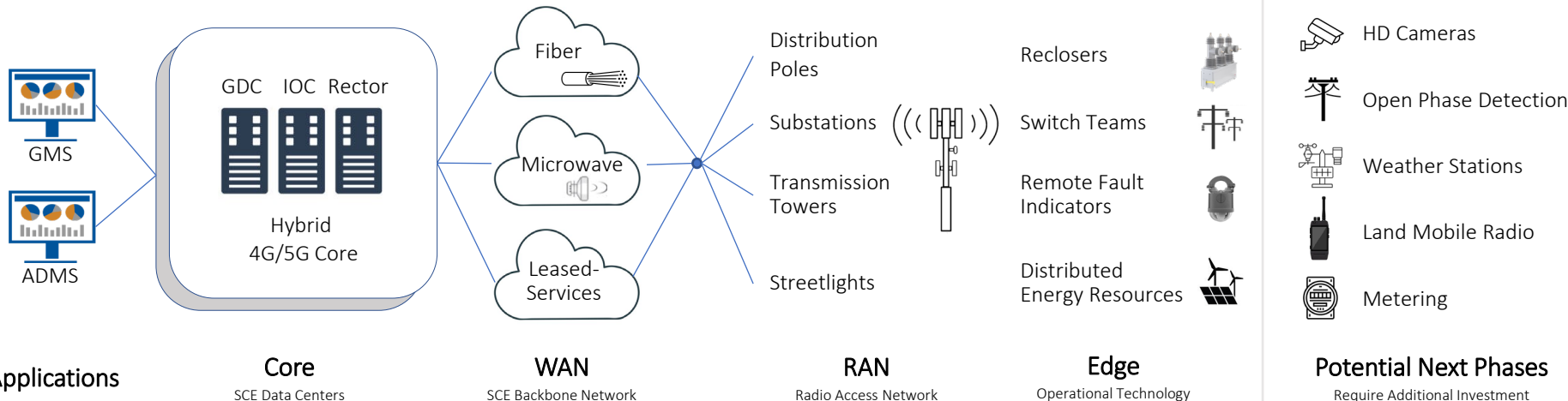
~40k

## Technology

- **4G / 5G** technology stack
- **5G-capable** for initial SCE requirements and **4G roaming**
- 15 county-based **3.5GHz spectrum** licenses (Band 48)

- 3GPP standard **interoperable** with large supplier ecosystem
- Network optimized for **fixed end-point** use cases
- **Foundational** to enable future field data and voice capabilities

## Architecture



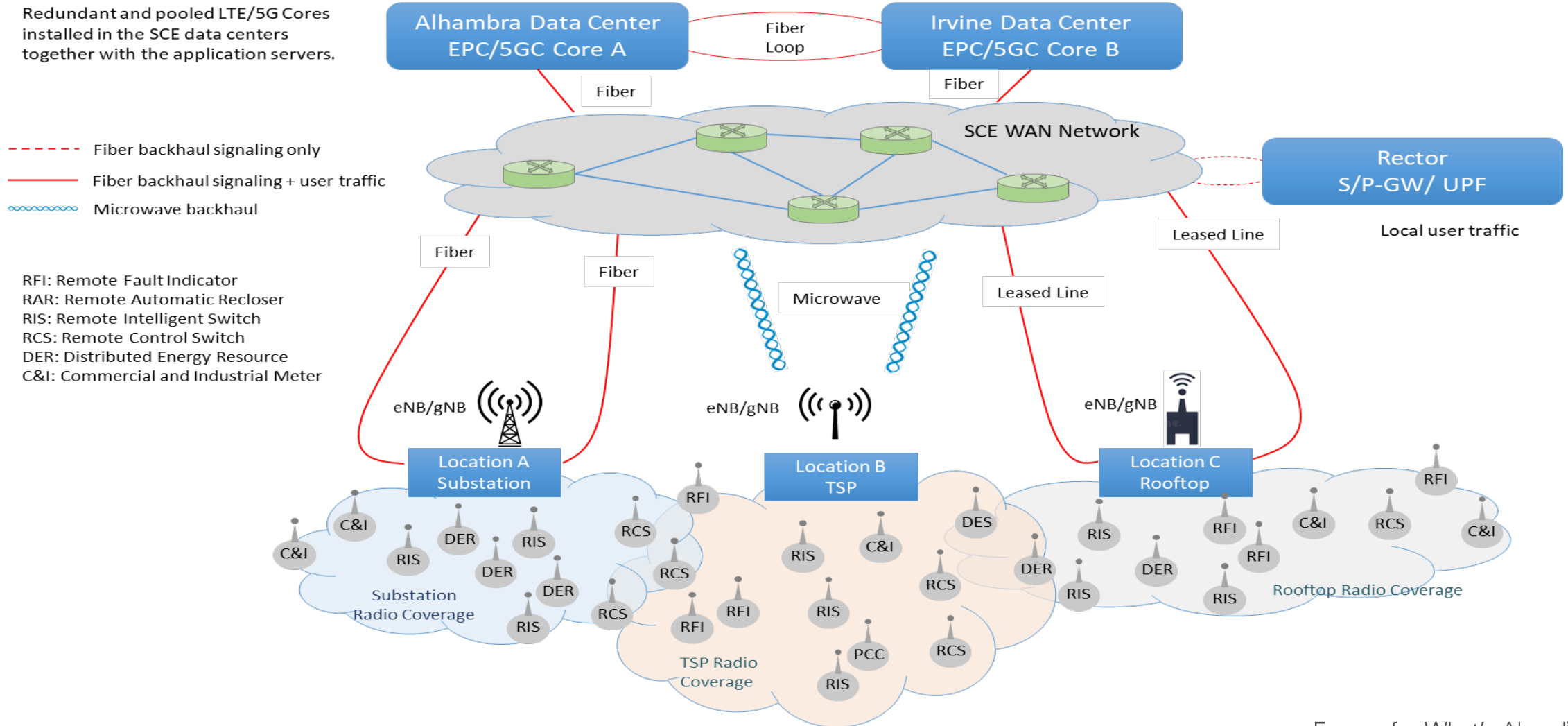
## Project Outcomes

- ~870 RAN sites installed
- ~31,500 DA devices migrated from NetComm
- DER integration
- Scalable and secure communications platform
- Integrated solution for AMI refresh

Energy for What's Ahead<sup>SM</sup>



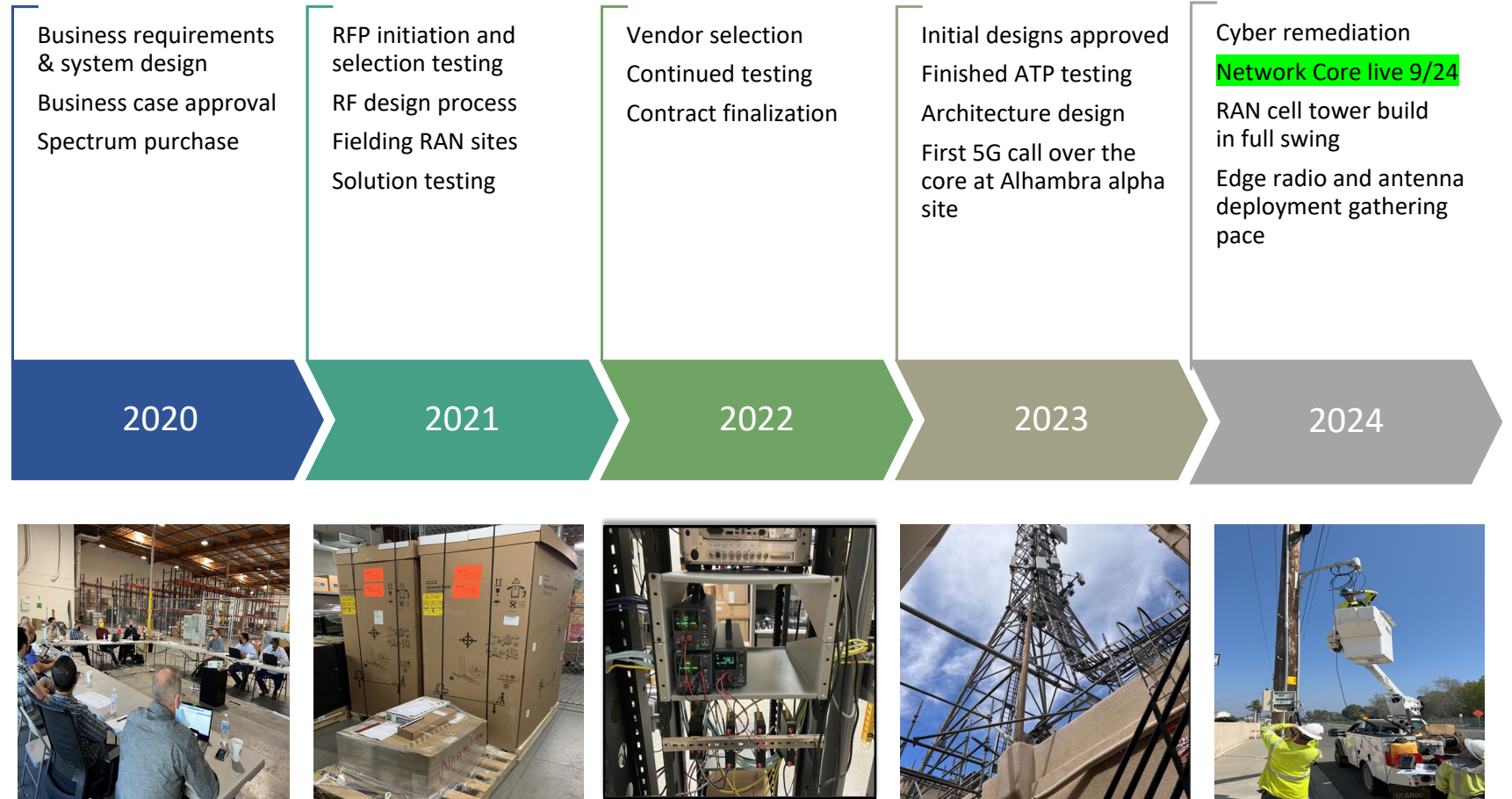
# Field Area Network Architecture



# Our Journey: Design to Go-Live and Beyond

*The road from design to deployment has been filled with challenges and triumphs*

*Over the past four years, we've collaborated across departments and overcome technical hurdles to bring this groundbreaking technology to life!*





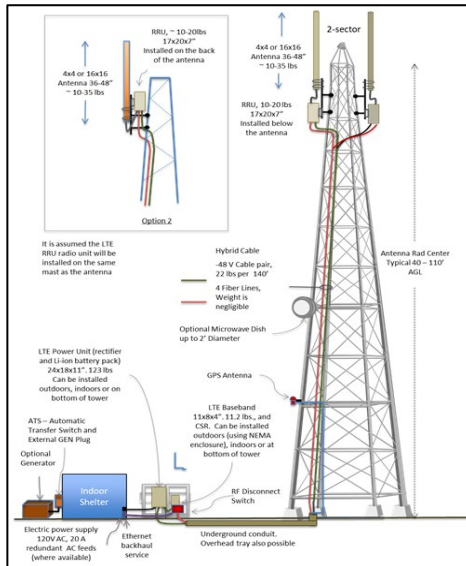
# Radio Access Network (RAN) Sites



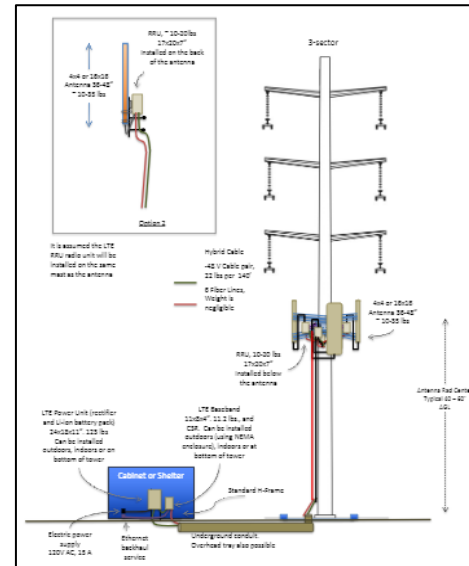


# What are we Building?

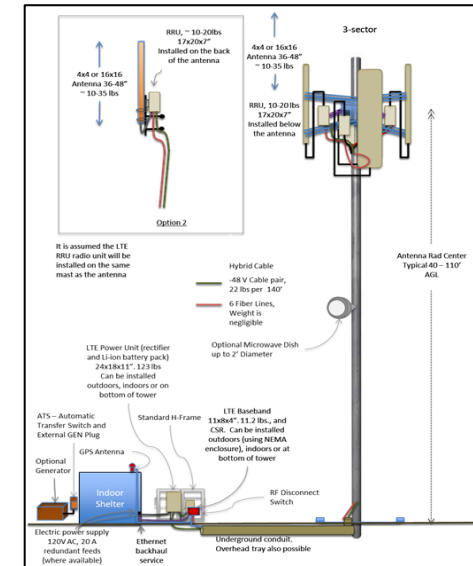
- Approximately 870 Radio Access Network (RAN) sites
- Each RAN site requires site selection, civil/structure design, environmental review, and permitting prior to construction and network installation



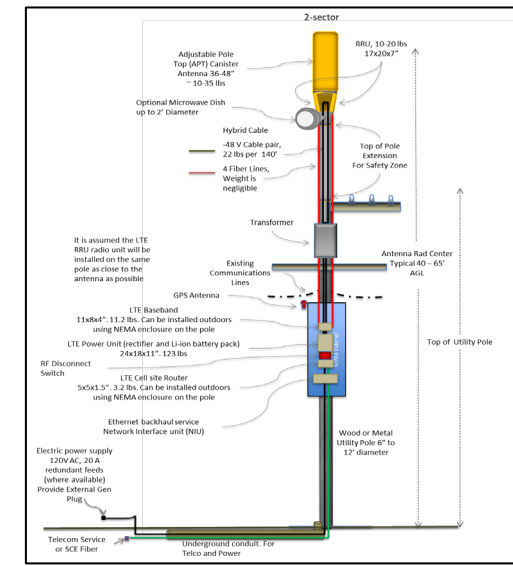
Existing Substation Structure /  
Existing Communication Tower



Transmission Structure



New Substation Antenna Structure



Distribution Structure

# RAN Site Construction

We're building a network of communication towers to relay data between grid devices and the FAN core



Drilling



Steel Cage Install



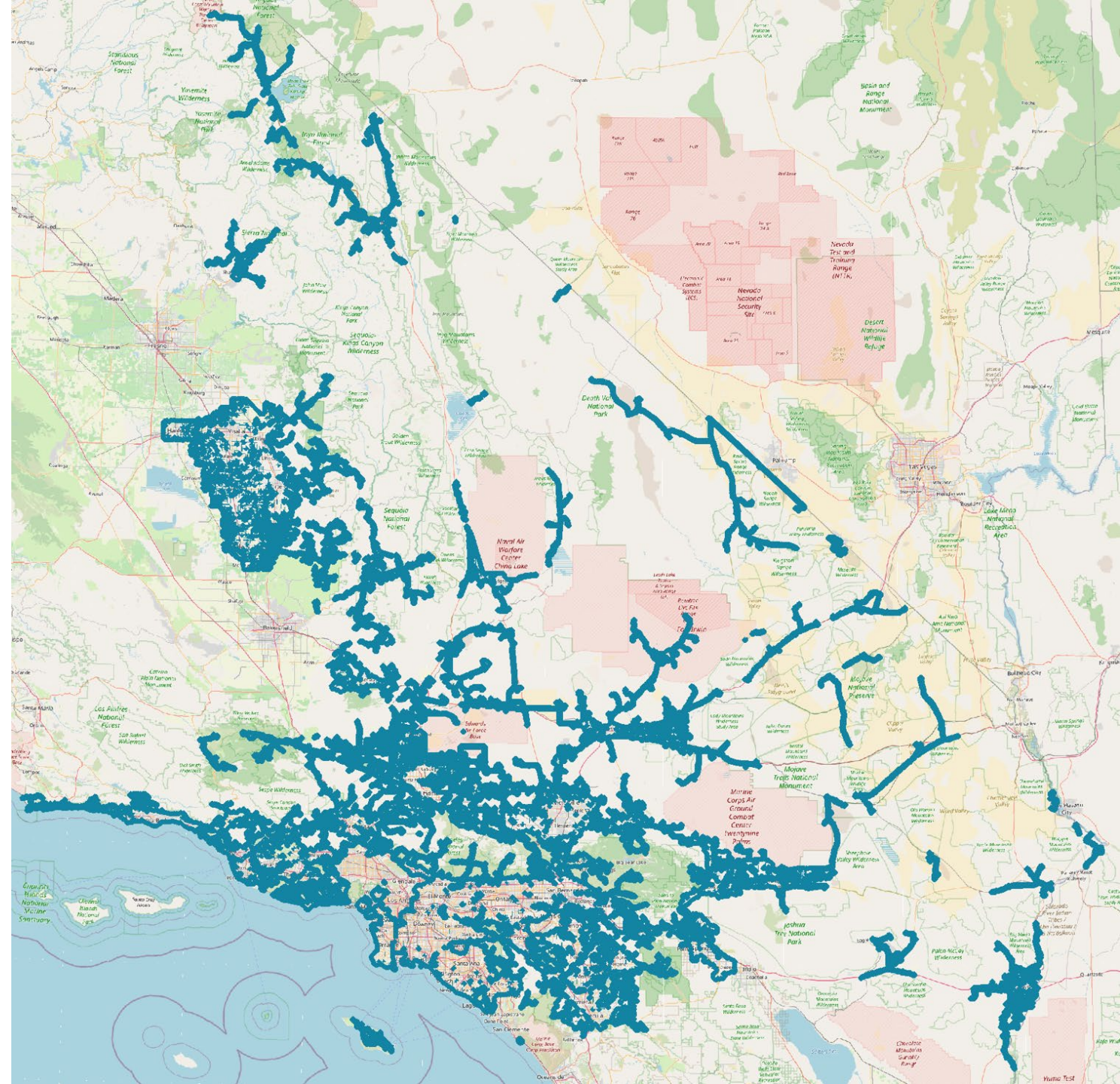
Monopole Install



Completed cell tower  
Los Alamitos Sub



# Coverage Objective







We're on a mission to achieve  
comprehensive network  
coverage across SCE's service  
territory





# Edge Radio Deployment

We're deploying modular communication devices (radios) that communicate directly with field sensors and equipment—enabling faster, more responsive interactions between our grid management systems and the devices they control







# Summing Up: Next-Level Grid Communications

The FAN represents more than just an upgrade—it's a fundamental shift in grid communication. A world-first for a utility company. With low-latency enabled by 5G technology, this high-bandwidth communications highway translates to savings on inspections, remote problem detection, and fewer service disruptions.

- **Real-Time Monitoring:** Our grid will be equipped with sensors and communication devices that instantly send data to core control centers. This means we'll always know what's happening across the entire grid.
- **Coordination and Communication:** The FAN enhances coordination between our field crews and control centers. Real-time communication allows us to identify and address potential issues early.
- **Predictive Maintenance:** By analyzing the real-time FAN data, we can predict when maintenance is needed before something breaks down.

## Pathway 2045

The FAN isn't just about today; it's about laying the groundwork for SCE's ambitious Pathway 2045 vision for a cleaner energy future in Southern California.

Serving as the backbone of this vision, the FAN will be instrumental in integrating renewable energy sources, smart grid technology, and more efficient energy storage solutions. Envision a future where renewable energy generation seamlessly integrates into the grid, where smart devices optimize energy usage in real-time, and where energy storage systems smooth out fluctuations in supply and demand. This is the potential unlocked by the FAN.

# CARBON NEUTRALITY BY 2045

**By 2045, California will undergo a remarkable evolution to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions that contribute to climate change.**

# Why the FAN Matters for Business & Residential Customers

FAN infrastructure will enable the ability to better service residential and commercial customers through improved communications to grid controls which will:

1. **Improve Reliability:** Detect and resolve issues in real-time, often before power interruptions occur, minimizing the number of customers affected by outages.
2. **Prevent Widespread Outages:** Quickly isolate faults to prevent small problems from escalating into larger outages and reduce the frequency of Public Safety Power Shutoffs (PSPS), particularly in wildfire-prone areas.
3. **Minimize Outage Impact:** Utilize circuit segmentation to limit the size and scope of outages, ensuring faster service restoration and reducing downtime for customers.
4. **Enhance Grid Intelligence:** Proactively identify and address potential issues, preventing disruptions before they occur.
5. **Strengthen Cybersecurity:** Implement built-in protections to safeguard the grid from potential attacks, ensuring the reliability and safety of services.





Questions?

