

ITCS Status Update

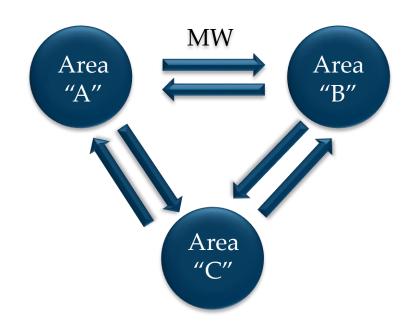
February 27-29, 2024

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Director – Reliability Assessments and Modeling

Interregional Transfer Capability Study

- Interregional Transfer Capability Study = ITCS
- What is Transfer Capability?



Total transfer capability: the amount of electric power that can be moved or transferred reliably from one area to another area of the interconnected transmission systems by way of all transmission lines (or paths) between those areas under specified system conditions, or such definition as contained in Commission-approved Reliability Standards.



ITCS Project Overview

Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023, Section 322

Congress directed that, in consultation with the Regional Entities and transmitting utilities, NERC shall conduct a study containing three elements:

- Phase 1 Objective: Determine the total transfer capability between neighboring transmission planning regions.
- **Phase 2 Objective:** Identify "prudent" additional transfer capability between neighboring areas to resolve reliability issues in the future.
- Phase 3 Objective: Identify mechanisms to achieve and sustain the identified transfer capability and any recommended enhancements.



What the Study is NOT

- Planning study
- Replacement for Transmission Expansion Analysis and Interregional Planning groups
- No recommendations for specific projects (generation, transmission, etc.)
- Will focus on WHAT...not HOW
- A complete or final solution

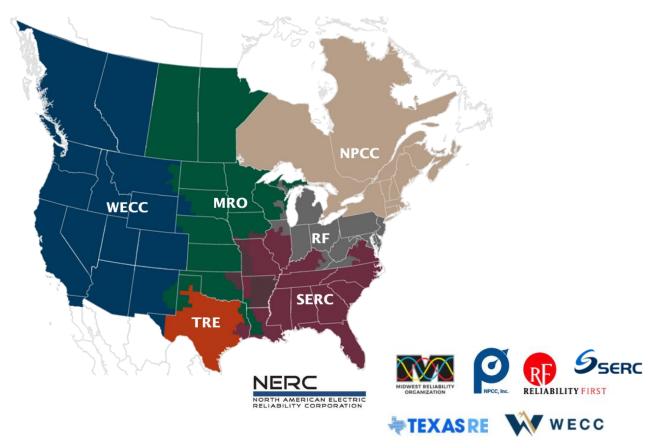


Entities Involved

NERC and the six Regional Entities in consultation with

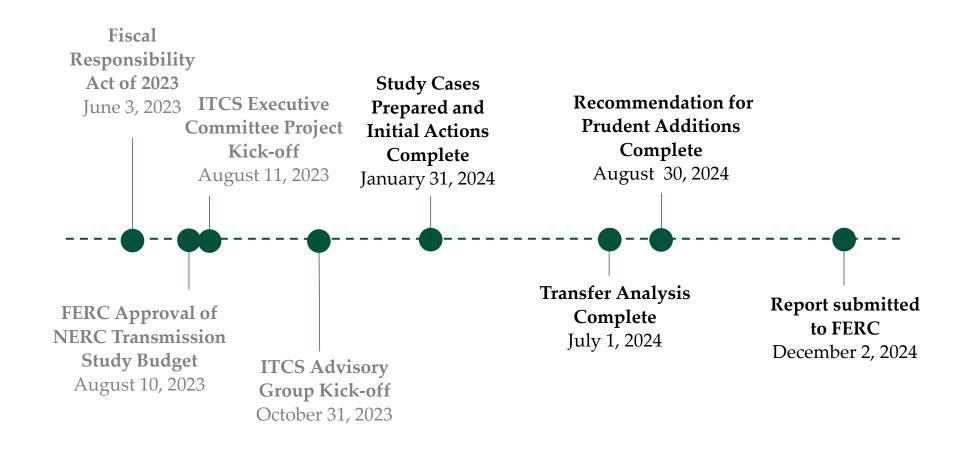
transmitting utilities

- NERC Advisory Group
- WECC Advisory Group
- Contractors—PowerGEM and Telos Energy





ITCS Timeline Overview





Phase 1: Method

- Calculate current transfer capability (in years 2024 and 2033)
 - Create run-of-the-mill base cases (summer peak, winter peak, etc.)
 - Identify source/sink combinations
 - Identify contingencies
 - Identify RAS schemes to be modeled
 - Develop assumptions that represent extreme/maximum transfer conditions
 - Identify stability limitations (if any)
 - Represent and simulate the extreme/maximum transfer conditions in the cases created in Step 1.a and calculate transfer capability for each of the source/sink combination (bidirectional)

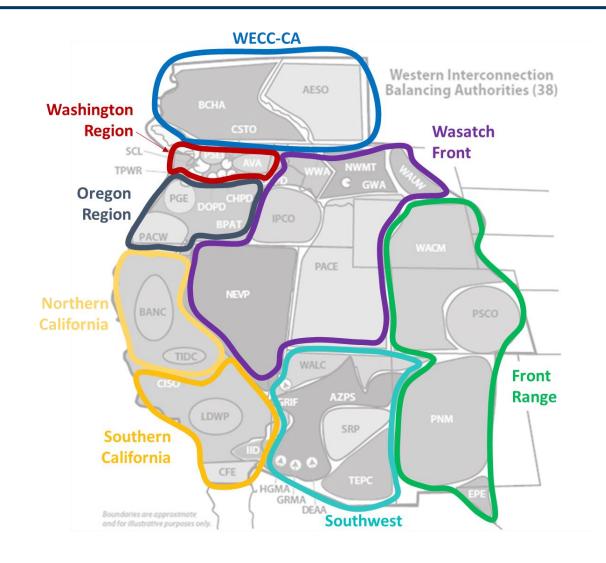


Source-Sink Areas

FROM TO	Canada	WA Region	OR Region	Wasatch Front	Front Range	No. CA	So. CA	Southwest Region
Canada		Х						
WA Region (NG)	Х		Х	Х				
OR Region (NG)		Х		Х		Х		
Wasatch Front (NG)		х	Х		Х		Х	Х
Front Range (WC)				Х				Х
Northern CA (CAISO)			Х				Х	
Southern CA (CAISO)				Х		Х		Х
Southwest Region (WC)				Х	Χ		Х	

Planning Regions

- · NG NorthernGrid
- CAISO California ISO
- WC WestConnect





Phases 1: Cases and Contingencies

- Study four cases from the West
 - 2024 Heavy Summer
 - 2023/2024 Heavy Winter
 - 2033 Heavy Summer
 - 2033/2034 Heavy Winter
- Apply adverse system conditions (contingencies) to each case
- Data request sent and responses received
 - Sent November 2023, responses due January 17, 2024



Phase 1: Next Steps

- Provide updated cases to NERC
- Work with PowerGem to find the max transfer capability between the source/sink combinations
- If issues arise, work with stakeholders to validate and mitigate
- Meeting with WECC Advisory Group on 3/5 to discuss reviewing results



Phase 2: Energy Assessment

- Perform Energy Assessment (in years 2024 and 2033)
 - Identify system conditions under which system will experience energy shortfalls,
 - Determine prudent additions to interregional transfer capability between each pair of transmission planning region,
 - Evaluate which planning area(s) are prudent to increase transfer capability



Phase 2: Energy Assessment

- Transmission vs. Generation Options
- Extreme weather events only considered
- Scenarios will consider multiple risk factors (drought, cold / heat wave)
- Time-synchronized hourly assessment of load and generation to capture geographic diversity
- Calculate Hourly Energy Margin An hourly measure of resource availability relative to load and operating reserve requirements, factoring weather dependencies of load, hydro, wind, solar, and thermal generators, applied consistently across all regions.



Phase 2: Next Steps

- Perform Energy Assessment (in years 2024 and 2033)
 - Develop a consistent North American dataset
 - U.S. data collected
 - Sending data request to Canadian provinces asking for historical hourly generation by resource type
 - Identify periods of tight supply conditions
 - Develop metrics and methods
 - Re-dispatch transmission planning cases



January 25 NERC Advisory Group Meeting

- Project and timeline overview and actions completed
- Phase 1 and Phase 2 review, technical discussions
- Transmitting utility engagement
- Discussion—What does success look like to you? What does it NOT look like?
- Next steps and advisory group meeting schedule
 - Monthly advisory group virtual meetings
 - In-person meeting in October



NERC AG Success Poll Results

What does success look like:

- Actionable
- Repeatable
- Increased communication and coordination
- Alignment
- Clear

What is NOT success:

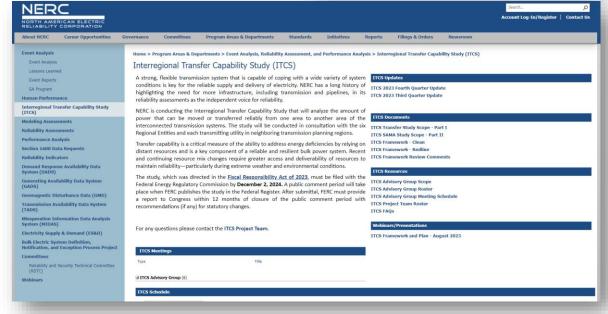
- Put on the shelf
- Continued disconnect
- Not actionable
- Deeply technical



ITCS Resources

- NERC ITCS webpage
- NERC ITCS Advisory Group Meeting <u>Schedule</u>
- WECC Weekly Update
- WECC website
- Email us at engage@wecc.org

ITCS Updates ITCS Status Update January 31, 2024, 2:00–3:00 p.m. The virtual status update on the Interregional Transfer Capability Study (ITCS) will include a high-level overview, share updates from NERC's ITCS Advisory Group meeting, follow up on WECC's ITCS Data Request, review Phases One and Two, provide resources, and answer stakeholder questions. You can follow the ITCS process on our webpage.







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